- Keep this leaster, You may need to need tagain,
 If you have any further questions, ask your doctor, pharmacist, or nurse,
 This medicine has been prescribed for you only, Do not pass it on to others, it may harm them, even if their signs
 of illness are the same as yours,

 of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist, or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet, Des section4.

What is in this leaflet

- What Staglptin/Metformin is and what it is used for What you need to know before you take Sitaglptin/Metformin how to take Staglptin/Metformin Consoble stoke effects How to store Staglptin/Metformin Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Sitagliptin/Metformin is and what it is used for

- Stagliptin/Metformin contains two different medicines called stagliptin and metformin.

 stagliptin belongs to a class of medicines called DPP-4 inhibitors (dipeptifyll peptidase-4 inhibitors) metformin belongs to a class of medicines called biguarides.

They work together to control blood sugar levels in adult patients with a form of diabetes called type 2 diabetes mellitus.'
This medicine helps to increase the levels of insulin produced after a meal and lowers the amount of sugar made by your body.

Along with diet and exercise, this medicine helps lower your blood sugar. This medicine can be used alone or with certain other medicines for diabetes (insulin, sulphorn/fureas, or citazones).

What is type 2 dislaters? "Type 2 dislaters is condition in which your body does not make enough insule, and the insulin that your body produces does not work as well as it should. Your body can also make bo much sagar. When this happens, agair (placorie) builds up in the blood, This can lead to serious medical problems like heart disease, kidney disease, blindness, and amputation.

2. What you need to know before you take Situatiotin/Metformin

- 2. What you need to know below you take Situalytin Marketmin

 Do not lake Situalytin Marketmin

 If you are allege to situalytin or meltormin or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (lated in section

 If you have severely inclosed sidney function

 If you have severely inclosed sidney function

 If you have increasing the sidney function that the sidney of the sidney or letterockers. Mean conditions in an accordant or which auditances called either boeless securities in the body and which one last of disclose precents. Symptoms indicate streams just, that and deep treating, steepness or your breath investigant gas in it is not a sidney to the sidney that the sidney of the sidney to the sidney that the sidney sidney to the sidney that the sidney sidney that the sidney that the sidney that the sidney sidney sidney sidney sidney that the sidney si

Do not take Stagliptin/Metformin if any of the above apply to you and talk with your doctor about other ways of managing your diabetes. If you are not sure, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse before taking Sitagliptin/Metformin.

familings and precedifions, assess of milliammation of the pancreas (pancrealitis) have been reported in patients receiving Sitagliptin/Metformin (see action of the pancreas).

If you encounter blistering of the skin, it may be a sign for a condition called bullous pemphigoid. Your doctor may ask you to stop Sitagliptin/Metformin.

Stagloin-Medomin may cause a very rane, but very serious side effect called actic acidosis, particularly if your kidnoys are not working procept. The risk of developing lactic acidosis is also increased with uncontrolled clabellers, serious infections, polycopie forgor and color prices, devilyations (see but their disminlos below). In previous and any medical conditions in which a part of the body has a reduced supply of organic (such as acute severe heart disease). If they of the above pagin you put left your direct for thresh insolutions.

Step taking Stagliptin/Netformin for a short time if you have a condition that may be associated with dehydration (significant bas of body fluids) such as severe vomiting, diarrhoea, fever, exposure to heat or if you drink less fluid than normal. Tak to your doctor for further instructions.

Stop teiding SitugliphinMetiormin and contact a doctor or the nearest hospital immediately if you experience some of the symptoms of lactic addicate, as this condition may lead to come. Symptoms of lactic addicate include

- ms of lactic acidosis include: vomiting stomach ache (abdominal pain)
- muscle cramps a general feeling of not being well with severe tiredness difficulty in breathing

Lactic acidosis is a medical emergency and must be treated in a hospital.

- Talk to your doctor or pharmacial before being Stagliphi Melforms:

 if you have or have had a diseased of he parease (such as pareaselfish)

 if you have or have hall patherise, and obligationaries or very high levels of triplycardiae (a form of fall in your blood

 if you have to you have hall patherise, and obligationaries can relate the properties of disease.

 if you have the little hall have had an alleging cannot be staglish, meltionary or Staglish Meltomine (see section 4)

 if you are talking authority has or insulf, disbotte medicine, toggine with Staglish Meltomine and your groupers has been bodd suggest an externed or does dury out wherever or the sub-fall and selection of the distance of the

If you need to have major surgery, you must stop taking Sitagliptin Metformin during and for some time after the procedure. Your doctor will decide when you must stop and when to restart your treatment with Sitagliptin Metformin.

If you are not sure if any of the above apply to you, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Sitaglipfin/Metformin

During treatment with Sitagliptin/Metformin, your doctor will check your kidney function at least once a year or more frequently if you are eldenly and/or if you have worsening kidney function.

Children and adolescents
Children and adolescents below 18 years should not use this medicine, It is not known if this medicine is safe and effective when used in other and adolescents under 18 years of age.

If you need to have an injection of a contrast medium that contains indine into your bloodstream, for example, in the context of an X-ray or scare, you must stop taking StaglphinMethormin before or at the time of the injection. Your doctor will decide when you must stop and when to restat your returned with SitaglphinMethormin.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines. You may need more frequent blood glucose and isidney function tests, or your doctor may need to adjust the dosage of Sitagljofin/Netformin, it is especially important to mention the following:

- mediones (bisen by mouth, inhalation, or injection) used to treat diseases that involve inflummation, like asthms and arthris (conticostancia). Real mediones which increase wine production (direction) mediones used to treat pain and inflammation (NSAID and CON-2-inhibitors, such as buppriers and colection(s)). Certain medicines used to the treatment of high blood pressure (ACE inhibitors and angiotensin III receptor artificancia). certain medicines for the treatment of high thost pressure (ACE inhibitors and angiotensin ill recepto retrappiniss), sepecial medicines for the treatment of bonomial saftma ((I)-improphrominetics) inclinated contrata regerbs or alborides contration medicines used to leval advanta problems such an crieddines contration medicines used to leval arginary medicines contrations, an emboride contration and the second to head arginary medicines contrations, and contration of the second to head arginary medicines contrations, and contration of the second to head arginary medicines contrations, and contration of the second contrations are second to head arginary medicines contrations, and contration of the second contrations are second contrations and contrations are second contrations and contrations are second contrations and contrations are second contrations are sec

Stagliptin/Mediumin with alcohol
Avoid accessive alcohol intake while taking Sitagliptin/Metiormin since this may increase the risk of lactic acidosis (see section "Nitemings and procautions").

Programoy and breast-feeding. If you are prepared to the selection of the

Diving and using machines.

This medicine has no or negligible influence on the ability to drive and use machines. However, dizziness and dowssineshave been reported, which may affect your ability to drive or use machines.

Taking this medicine in combination with medicines called sulphornylureas or with insulin can cause hypoglycaemia, which may affect your ability to drive and use machines or work without safe footbold.

BACK SIDE / PLEASE, INCLUDE YOUR DESIGN ON THIS KEYLINE

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you, Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure,

- Take one tablet
 take daily by mouth
 with meals to lower your chance of an upset stomach. Your doctor may need to increase your dose to control your blood sugar.
- If you have reduced kidney function, your doctor may prescribe a lower dose.

You should continue the diet recommended by your doctor during treatment with this medicine and take care that your carbohydrate intake is equally distributed over the day.

This medicine alone is unlikely to cause abnormally low blood sugar (hypoglycaemia). When this medicine is used with a sulphonyJarea medicine or with insulin, low blood sugar can occur, and your doctor may reduce the dose of your subhornyJarea or insulin.

Eyou lake more SinglichiAletomin fram you should

If you take more than the prescribed desage of this modicine, contact your doctor immediately. Go to the hospital if you have symptoms of latic aclosiss such as feeling cold or uncomfortable, severe nauses or vomiting, storach ache, unexplained weight loss, muscular cramps, or rapid breathing (see section "Warnings and precautions").

If you fauget to take Stagliptin/Mediormin
If you miss a dose, take it as soon as you remember. If you do not remember until it is time for your next dose, skip the
missed dose and go back to your regular schedule, Do not take a double dose of this medicine,

If you stop taking Staglight-Meditomin
Continue to take this medicine as long as your doctor prescribes it so you can continue to help control your blood sugar.
You should not stop taking this medicine without lighting to your doctor first. If you stop taking Stagliptin/Meditomin, your blood sugar may like again.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

STOP taking StagliptinMelformin and contact a doctor immediately if you notice any of the following serious side effects

Sewer and persistent pain in the addomnet (stomand serial which might reach through to your back with or without nuases and vornings, as these could be signs of an inflamed parcreas (parcreatise).

tagipfini/Metformin may cause a very rare (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people), but very serious side effect called lactic properties (see section "Warnings and precautions"). If this happens, you must **dop lating Shapipfin/Metformin and contact** doctor or the nearest hospital immediately, as lactic acidosis may lead to come.

If you have a serious allergic reaction (Requency not known), including rash, theirs, listests on the skin/peeling skin and swelling of the foce. Bigs, tongue, and front that may cause difficulty in terething or swellowing, soo pusking this medicine and call your factor right away. Your dicotor may prescribe a medicine to test your allergic reaction and a different medicine for your diabetics.

Some patients taking metformin have experienced the following side effects after starting sitagliptin: Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people): bow blood sugar, nausea, flatulence, vomiting Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people): stomachache, diarrhoea, constiguion, drowsness

Some patients have experienced diarrhoea, nausea, flatulence, constipation, stomach ache or vomiting when starting the combination of shagliptin and metformin together (frequency is common).

Some patients have experienced the following side effects while taking this medicine with a sulphonylurea such as gimepinue. Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people): low blood sugar Common: constituation

Some patients have experienced the following side effects while taking this medicine in combination with picglitazone: Common: swelling of the hands or legs

Some patients have experienced the following side effects while taking this medicine in combination with insuln: Very common: Jow blood sugar Uncommon: dry mouth, headache

Some patients have experienced the following side effects during clinical studies while taking sitagliptin alone (one of the medicines in Sitagliptin/Metformin) or during post-approval use of Sitagliptin/Metformin or sitagliptin alone or with other diabetes medicines: Common: low blood sugar, headache, upper respiratory infection, stuffy or runny nose and sore throat, osteoarthritis, arm

Commerce we occus segue, resonances segue of the giain of the giain consistence of the giain Uncommon dischess, consistantion, lathing Raver reduced number of platelets Prespectory not known kidney problems (semetimes requiring dalysis), vomiting, joint pain, muscle pain, back pain, interstital lung disease, bullous permitingori (a type of skin biblater)

Some patients have experienced the following side effects white taking metformin alone. Very common reautes, ventilen, distribute, stomadrade and less of appetite. These symptoms may happen when you can't hading metform and outsuly go assure. The best of the property of your symptoms because some of these may also be caused by disables or due to their unrelated health proplems, or your way not property of your symptoms because some of these may also be caused by disables or due to their unrelated health proplems.

Reporting of aids effects
If you get any side effects, but to your doctor, pharmacist, or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this ideals. You can also report side effects directly via the Yallow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRAY Reflow Card in the Coople Play or Apple App Slows, By reporting side effects you can hip provide more information on the satisfy of the machine.

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children,

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the bilster and the carton after 'EXP'. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Do not throw away medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicino longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other info

The active substances are situal/prin and melformin. Study dishelfstem 50 mg 60 situal/prin (as hydrochloride) and Study dishelfstemm 50 mg 800 mg filth-coaled tablets: Each tablet contains 50 mg of situal/prin (as hydrochloride). Study dishelfstemm 50 mg 1000 mg filth-coaled tablets: Each tablet contains 50 mg of situal/prin (as hydrochloride) and 1000 mg of melformin hydrochloride.

... owner ingreusers afte:
Tablet zer Celluben Microsystalline, Povidone (K2912), Sodium Laurikulfate and Sodium Stean) Fumerate
Film-casting (20 mg/S00 mg/s): Ladose Mondhytrate, Hypornetibus, Trainium Dioxide, Tracotin & Ton Oxfo Red
Film-casting (20 mg/1000 mg/ Polyvinja lazorid, Macrogxil Polyvinjahene glycol, Tale, Trainium dioxide, Iron Oxfo Red &
Black Iron Oxfo What Sitagliplin/Melformin looks like and contents of the pack

Sitagliptin/Metformin 50 mg/850 mg film-coated tablets: Oval-shaped, biconvex, film-coated tablets approximately 20.5 mm x 9.5 mm, pink, debossed with "\$476" on one side and plain on the other.

Sitagliptin/Metformin 50 mg/1000 mg film-coated tablets: Oval-shaped, bicconvex, film-coated tablets approximately 21,5 mm x 10,0 mm, brown, debossed with "S477" on one side and plain on the other.

Staglipfin/Metformin 50 mg/850 mg film-coaded tablets are packaged in
Blases composed by PrCPVoC-Aluminium
14, 28, 30, 56, 60, 196 and 210
White HDPE bottle with slicaged desiccant container in the screencap
100

- Staglptin/Metiomin 50 mg/1000 mg film-coated tablets are packaged in

 Blisters composed by P/C/P/4C-Aluminum

 14, 25, 30, 56, 80, 196 and 210

 White HDPE bottle with silicaged desiccant container in the screw-cap
 100

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder

7mm